

VALLEY SANITATION DISTRICT
Arapahoe County and
City and County of Denver, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
Valley Sanitation District
Arapahoe County and City and
County of Denver, Colorado

Report for the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Valley Sanitation District (District) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Valley Sanitation District, as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the changes in its financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages III through VII be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The supplemental information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information listed in the table of contents has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

SCHILLING & COMPANY, INC.

Highlands Ranch, Colorado
May 12, 2021

**VALLEY SANITATION DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019**

Our discussion and analysis of Valley Sanitation District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements which begin on page 1.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. Required statements for proprietary funds are: 1) Statement of Net Position, 2) Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position, and 3) Statement of Cash Flows. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position are prepared using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the District's assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. This statement provides useful information regarding the financial position of the District. Over time, increases and decreases in net position can serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. Nonfinancial factors should also be considered to assess the overall financial position of the District.

The *Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position* reports the changes that have occurred during the year to the District's net position. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in the subsequent years.

The *Statement of Cash Flows*, as its name implies, is concerned solely with flows of cash and cash equivalents. Only transactions that affect the District's cash position are reflected in this statement. Transactions are segregated into four sections on the statement: 1) cash flows from operating activities, 2) cash flows from capital financing activities, 3) cash flows from noncapital financing activities, and 4) cash flows from investing activities.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY AND ANALYSIS

Net Position - 2020

As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. As noted in the table below, the District's assets exceed liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources in 2020 by \$1,560,969. This amount increased from 2019 to 2020 by \$560,174 or 56.0%. Current assets decreased by 61.8% or \$2,077,124 from 2019 to 2020 primarily due to the draw down of loan funds in the amount of \$2,098,944 for reimbursement of costs related to the sewer outfall interceptor line relocation project (sewer outfall project). This funding explains the increase in capital assets by \$2,516,578 or 392.4% from 2019 to 2020. Property taxes receivable increased by \$53,660 due increase in debt mill levy from .699 to 1.195 for debt

**VALLEY SANITATION DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019**

payments related to the voter approved loan in the amount of \$2,700,000 to finance the sewer outfall project. The District has entered into intergovernmental agreements with Columbine Water and Sanitation (Columbine) and Bow Mar Water and Sanitation (Bow Mar) for the cost sharing of sewer outfall project improvements and a long-term receivable was recorded in 2020 (See Note 8). Current liabilities increased \$261,713 or 252.6% due to significant construction costs payable including final retainage of \$110,715 at December 31, 2020. The sewer outfall project is anticipated to be finalized in early 2021 with engineering and legal costs remaining.

Net Position - 2019

The District's assets exceed liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources in 2019 by \$1,000,795. This amount increased from 2018 to 2019 by \$146,455 or 17.1%. Current assets increased by 411.0% or \$2,705,100 from 2018 to 2019. A loan in the amount of \$2,700,000 from the Colorado Water Resource and Power Development Authority (CWRPDA) was executed on May 7, 2019. Cash and cash equivalents increased by \$318,472 primarily due to the reimbursement of costs related to the sewer outfall project. Reimbursement of project costs from the loan included reimbursements that were cash funded during 2018 resulting in a loan draw down of \$382,131 and a loan receivable of \$2,317,869 at December 31, 2019. Additionally, property taxes receivable increased by \$64,200 due to the increase in assessed valuation by 23% and the addition of a debt mill levy of .699. Despite the increase in assessed valuation, the District's 2.493 mill levy was offset by a temporary mill levy reduction of .822 mills by the District to comply with the statutory property tax revenue limitation (5.5% limit) of C.R.S. 29-1-301 and TABOR. The increase in capital assets of \$223,482 and total liabilities of \$2,717,927 relates to the ongoing sewer outfall project that is expected to be completed during 2020 and the CWRPDA loan which will be paid off over 30 years.

NET POSITION

	December 31,		
	2020	2019	2018
ASSETS			
Current assets	\$ 1,286,226	\$ 3,363,350	\$ 658,250
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital cost sharing receivable, long-term	367,606	-	-
Capital assets, net	3,157,988	641,410	417,928
Total assets	<u>4,811,820</u>	<u>4,004,760</u>	<u>1,076,178</u>
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities	365,324	103,611	46,438
Long-term liabilities	2,592,267	2,660,754	-
Total liabilities	<u>2,957,591</u>	<u>2,764,365</u>	<u>46,438</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>293,260</u>	<u>239,600</u>	<u>175,400</u>
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	716,159	259,279	417,928
Restricted	71,092	67,414	5,350
Unrestricted	773,718	674,102	431,062
Total net position	<u>\$ 1,560,969</u>	<u>\$ 1,000,795</u>	<u>\$ 854,340</u>

**VALLEY SANITATION DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019**

Changes in Net Position - 2020

As noted in the table below, the District's net position increased by \$560,174. Total revenues increased by \$461,972 from 2019 to 2020. Capital contributions of \$423,270 represents the cost sharing in the sewer outfall project by Columbine and Bow Mar as referenced above. Property tax revenue increased by \$62,391 due to the increase in the debt mill levy from .122 to .699. Total expenses increased \$48,253 primarily due to the District satisfying the first annual debt payments during 2020 in accordance with the loan agreement with CWRPDA (See Note 5).

Changes in Net Position - 2019

The District's net position increased by \$146,455. Total revenues increased by \$65,843 from 2018 to 2019. Capital contributions of \$31,700 include system development fees of \$16,800 and capital cost reimbursement in the amount of \$14,900 from Columbine Water and Sanitation District related to the sewer outfall project. There were no such revenues in 2018. Property tax revenue increased by \$19,007 primarily due to the addition of the debt mill levy of .122, discussed above, for anticipated debt payments in the amount of \$10,010 related to the projected loan from CWRPDA. Overall expenses decreased by \$12,141 or 6.8% from 2018 to 2019. This decrease relates to fewer administrative tasks being performed by Platte Canyon Water and Sanitation District during 2019 compared with 2018 (see Note 8).

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2020	2019	2018
REVENUES			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 84,610	\$ 80,569	\$ 70,134
General revenues:			
Property taxes	237,465	175,074	156,067
Specific ownership taxes	16,056	13,946	10,957
Investment earnings	6,040	11,992	10,280
Capital cost sharing interest revenue	7,812	-	-
Capital contributions	423,270	31,700	-
Total revenues	<u>775,253</u>	<u>313,281</u>	<u>247,438</u>
EXPENSES			
Sewer operations	103,510	91,089	92,710
Administration	67,925	73,285	84,054
Interest expense	40,314	-	-
Other	3,330	2,452	2,203
Total expenses	<u>215,079</u>	<u>166,826</u>	<u>178,967</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	560,174	146,455	68,471
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,000,795	854,340	785,869
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 1,560,969</u>	<u>\$ 1,000,795</u>	<u>\$ 854,340</u>

**VALLEY SANITATION DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019**

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During 2020 the District's budget was not amended. Total revenue was budgeted at \$381,121 for 2020, and actual revenue was \$379,731, which resulted in a negative budget variance of \$1,390. Interest income fell short of the budget by \$4,970 due to significant declines in market conditions experienced during 2020. Total actual expenditures were \$2,770,903 or \$25,192 under budget. Platte Canyon provides administrative and sewer maintenance services for the District (See Note 8). Actual maintenance and repairs and administrative expenses were less than budget amounts by \$12,639 and \$10,591, respectively. In addition to budgeting for emergency reserve amounting to \$17,630, the District budgeted an additional 15% of total operating expenses equal to \$34,310 to cover unanticipated costs. Actual capital expenditures of \$2,516,578 exceeded the budget amount by \$71,864. Costs related to the construction contract for the sewer outfall project were finalized during 2020, and the remaining engineering and legal costs will be incurred in early 2021 which will conclude the project. Details of the 2020 budget to actual results can be found on page 14 of this report.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

All of the District's capital assets were fully depreciated at December 31, 2020 and 2019, with the exception of the construction in progress of the sewer outfall project of \$3,157,988 at December 31, 2020 that was started in 2015 for \$5,829, had no additions in 2016, increased by \$115,040 in 2017, by \$297,059 in 2018, by \$223,482 in 2019, and by \$2,516,578 in 2020. The sewer outfall project is still in process at December 31, 2020, but will be finalized in early 2021. Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of this report.

The District issued a loan on May 7, 2019 in the amount of \$2,700,000 with the Colorado Water Resource Power and Development Authority for the funding of the outfall sewer project. During 2020, principal and interest payments on the loans were made as required. Details of the long-term debt obligations are presented in Note 5.

ECONOMIC FACTORS NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

Total revenue in 2021 is projected to be \$432,955 which includes the following revenue sources: property tax revenue for operations of \$170,353, property tax revenue for debt service of \$121,361, specific ownership tax revenue of \$21,879, investment earnings of \$2,060, sewer service surcharge revenue of \$78,074, capital project cost sharing revenue of \$36,120 and other revenue of \$3,108. Total expenditures for 2021 are budgeted at \$415,286 with \$237,505 for operations, \$121,361 for debt service, and \$56,420 for contingencies and emergency reserves. No capital outlay has been budgeted for 2021, however it is anticipated there will be approximately \$16,180 of capital related to the final closeout of the Sewer Outfall Project. Budgeted revenues are expected to exceed expenditures resulting in an increase of funds available of \$17,669.

**VALLEY SANITATION DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019**

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Valley Sanitation District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Financial Administrator, Valley Sanitation District, 8739 W. Coal Mine Ave., Littleton, CO 80123.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**VALLEY SANITATION DISTRICT
STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION
December 31, 2020 and 2019**

	2020	2019
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 616,606	\$ 707,427
Prepaid expenses	6,718	409
Loan receivable from CWRPDA	218,925	2,317,869
Accounts receivable:		
Sewer service surcharge	101,767	92,200
Other	19,715	5,845
Accrued interest receivable	1,318	-
Capital cost sharing receivable, current	27,917	-
Property taxes receivable	293,260	239,600
Total current assets	1,286,226	3,363,350
Noncurrent assets		
Capital cost sharing receivable, long-term	367,606	-
Capital assets		
Construction in progress	3,157,988	641,410
Wastewater system	658,075	658,075
Equipment	1,571	1,571
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(659,646)	(659,646)
Total capital assets	3,157,988	641,410
Total noncurrent assets	3,525,594	641,410
TOTAL ASSETS	4,811,820	4,004,760
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	177,253	60,554
Retainage payable	110,715	3,811
Accrued interest payable	8,869	-
Current portion of loan payable	68,487	39,246
Total current liabilities	365,324	103,611
Long-term liabilities		
Loan Payable, net of current portion	2,592,267	2,660,754
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,957,591	2,764,365
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred property tax revenue	293,260	239,600
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	293,260	239,600
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	716,159	259,279
Restricted:		
Debt service	8,204	9,881
Operation and maintenance reserve	57,188	51,803
Emergency reserve	5,700	5,730
Unrestricted	773,718	674,102
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1,560,969	\$ 1,000,795

These financial statements should be read only in connection with
the accompanying notes to financial statements.

**VALLEY SANITATION DISTRICT
STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES
AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION
Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019**

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
OPERATING REVENUE		
Sewer service surcharge	\$ 77,344	\$ 71,616
Other charges for services	7,266	8,953
Total operating revenue	<u>84,610</u>	<u>80,569</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Sewer operations	103,510	91,089
Administration	67,925	73,285
Total operating expenses	<u>171,435</u>	<u>164,374</u>
OPERATING LOSS	<u>(86,825)</u>	<u>(83,805)</u>
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)		
Property taxes	237,465	175,074
Specific ownership taxes	16,056	13,946
Net investment income	6,040	11,992
Interest expense	(40,314)	-
Capital cost sharing interest revenue	7,812	-
County treasurer's fees	(3,330)	(2,452)
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)	<u>223,729</u>	<u>198,560</u>
GAIN BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS	<u>136,904</u>	<u>114,755</u>
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		
System development fees	-	16,800
Capital cost sharing contribution	423,270	14,900
Total capital contributions	<u>423,270</u>	<u>31,700</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	560,174	146,455
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>1,000,795</u>	<u>854,340</u>
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	<u><u>\$ 1,560,969</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,000,795</u></u>

These financial statements should be read only in connection with
the accompanying notes to financial statements.

**VALLEY SANITATION DISTRICT
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019**

	2020	2019
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers	\$ 80,515	\$ 72,123
Payments to vendors	(156,859)	(145,479)
Payments to employees	(8,202)	(7,789)
Net cash required by operating activities	(84,546)	(81,145)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
System development fees received	-	16,800
Loan proceeds	2,098,944	382,131
Principal paid on long-term debt	(39,246)	-
Interest paid on long-term debt	(31,445)	-
Capital cost sharing contributions	14,900	14,900
Capital asset purchases	(2,305,659)	(212,527)
Net cash provided (required) by capital financing activities	(262,506)	201,304
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Property and specific ownership taxes received	253,521	189,915
County treasurer's fees paid	(3,330)	(2,452)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	250,191	187,463
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest received	6,040	11,992
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	6,040	11,992
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(90,821)	319,614
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	707,427	387,813
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 616,606	\$ 707,427
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO CASH FLOWS REQUIRED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating loss	\$ (86,825)	\$ (83,805)
Adjustments to reconcile loss from operations to net cash required by operating activities:		
Effects of changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Prepaid expenses	(6,309)	4,134
Accounts receivable	(4,095)	(8,446)
Accounts payable	12,683	6,972
Net cash required by operating activities	\$ (84,546)	\$ (81,145)
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Capital cost sharing contributions	\$ 423,270	\$ -

These financial statements should be read only in connection with
the accompanying notes to financial statements.

**VALLEY SANITATION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019**

NOTE 1 – DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Valley Sanitation District (District), was created as a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado, is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act. The District's service area is located in Arapahoe County and City and County of Denver, Colorado. The District was established to provide sewer service to property within its service area primarily through intergovernmental agreements. The District is governed by an elected Board of Directors.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units accounted for as a proprietary enterprise fund. The enterprise fund is used since the District's powers are related to those operated similar to a private utility system where net income and capital maintenance are appropriate determinations of accountability.

The District has elected to follow Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

The District distinguishes *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with an enterprise fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating revenues consist of charges to customers for service provided. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses or capital contributions.

Restricted Resources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

**VALLEY SANITATION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019**

Budgets

In accordance with the Local Government Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April 30 or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are considered deferred inflows of resources and are recorded initially as deferred revenue in the year they are levied and measurable. The deferred property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers cash deposits and highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash equivalents.

Prepaid Expenses

Certain payments to vendors for goods or services reflect costs which are applicable to future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items in the financial statements.

Receivables

All receivables are recorded at their gross value and where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost except for those assets which have been contributed which are stated at estimated fair value at the date of contribution. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives

**VALLEY SANITATION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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of the related capital assets, as applicable. Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the estimated economic useful lives:

Wastewater system	50 years
Equipment	5 years

Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were assumed in preparing the financial statements.

System Development Fees and Contributed Lines

System development fees are recorded as capital contributions when received. Lines contributed to the District are recorded as capital contributions and additions to the systems at estimated fair market value when received.

Reclassifications

For comparability, certain 2019 amounts have been reclassified where appropriate to conform with the 2020 financial statement presentation.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 were comprised of the following:

	2020	2019
Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 4,216	\$ 5,863
Investments	612,390	701,564
	\$ 616,606	\$ 707,427

The cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 as follows:

	2020	2019
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 616,606	\$ 707,427

Cash Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral

**VALLEY SANITATION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by Statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2020, the District had cash deposits, with a bank balance of \$8,663 and a carrying balance of \$4,216. At December 31, 2019, the District had cash deposits, with a bank balance of \$5,923 and a carrying balance of \$5,863.

Investments

The District has adopted a formal investment policy, specifying the principal investment objectives of the District and standards of prudence to be used for managing the District's assets. The policy stipulates that all investments shall conform to State law.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities and the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Certain reverse repurchase agreements
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Certain corporate bonds
- . Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- . Local government investment pools

The District has invested in a local government invest pool, the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST), which is rated AAAM by Standard & Poor's.

Interest Rate Risk

Colorado Revised Statutes limit investment maturities to three to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirement.

**VALLEY SANITATION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019**

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Investments at NAV</u>	
		<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST)	Weighted average under 60 days	<u>\$ 612,390</u>	<u>\$ 701,564</u>

COLOTRUST

At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District has invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund. The Trust offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies and instrumentalities, and repurchase agreements collateralized with certain U.S. government agencies or instrumentalities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in the highest rated commercial paper.

Investment Valuation

The District's net investments are measured at asset value (NAV).

COLOTRUST determines the NAV of the shares of each portfolio as of the close of business of each day. The NAV per share of each portfolio is computed by dividing the total value of the securities and other assets of the portfolios, less any liabilities, by the total outstanding shares of the portfolios. Liabilities, which include all expenses and fees of COLOTRUST, are accrued daily. The NAV is calculated at fair value using various inputs in determine value in accordance with FASB guidance. It is the goal of the Trust to maintain a NAV of \$1.00 per share, however changes in interest rates may affect the fair value of the securities held by COLOTRUST and there can be no assurance that the NAV will not vary from \$1.00 per share.

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**VALLEY SANITATION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019**

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2020 follows:

	Balance at December 31, 2019	Additions	Disposals/ Retirements	Balance at December 31, 2020
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Construction in progress	\$ 641,410	\$ 2,516,578	\$ -	\$ 3,157,988
Total capital assets not being depreciated	641,410	2,516,578	-	3,157,988
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Wastewater system	658,075	-	-	658,075
Equipment	1,571	-	-	1,571
Total capital assets being depreciated	659,646	-	-	659,646
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Wastewater system	(658,075)	-	-	(658,075)
Equipment	(1,571)	-	-	(1,571)
Total accumulated depreciation	(659,646)	-	-	(659,646)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	-	-	-	-
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 641,410</u>	<u>\$ 2,516,578</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,157,988</u>

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2019 follows:

	Balance at December 31, 2018	Additions	Disposals/ Retirements	Balance at December 31, 2019
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Construction in progress	\$ 417,928	\$ 223,482	\$ -	\$ 641,410
Total capital assets not being depreciated	417,928	223,482	-	641,410
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Wastewater system	658,075	-	-	658,075
Equipment	1,571	-	-	1,571
Total capital assets being depreciated	659,646	-	-	659,646
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Wastewater system	(658,075)	-	-	(658,075)
Equipment	(1,571)	-	-	(1,571)
Total accumulated depreciation	(659,646)	-	-	(659,646)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	-	-	-	-
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 417,928</u>	<u>\$ 223,482</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 641,410</u>

**VALLEY SANITATION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019**

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in long-term obligations for the period ending December 31, 2020:

	Balance at December 31, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance at December 31, 2020	Current Portion
Direct borrowing:					
CWRPDA Loan	\$ 2,700,000	\$ -	\$ 39,246	\$ 2,660,754	\$ 68,487

The following is an analysis of changes in long-term obligations for the period ending December 31, 2019:

	Balance at December 31, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Balance at December 31, 2019	Current Portion
Direct borrowing:					
CWRPDA Loan	\$ -	\$ 2,700,000	\$ -	\$ 2,700,000	\$ 39,246

A description of the long-term obligation as of December 31, 2020, is as follows:

Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority (CWRPDA):

\$2,700,000 Loan Agreement dated May 7, 2019, with interest of 2.0%, due semi-annually through 2049. Loan repayments may be prepaid, in whole or in part, upon prior written notice of not less than ninety (90) days to the Authority. This loan was entered into by the District for the purpose of financing most of the outfall sewer project. At December 31, 2020 the District has a loan receivable from CWRPDA in the amount of \$218,925 which will be drawn down in 2021 when final project costs are reimbursed.

Per the covenant and requirements of the Loan, the District is required to maintain a three-month operating and maintenance reserve. At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District has a reserve of \$57,188 and \$51,803, respectively, and is in compliance with the covenants and requirements of the Loan.

The following is a summary of the annual long-term debt principal and interest requirements:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 68,487	\$ 52,874	\$ 121,361
2022	69,863	51,498	121,361
2023	71,267	50,094	121,361
2024	72,700	48,661	121,361
2025	74,161	47,199	121,360
2026-2030	393,774	213,030	606,804
2031-2035	434,970	171,834	606,804
2036-2040	480,477	126,328	606,805
2041-2045	530,747	76,058	606,805
2046-2049	464,308	21,135	485,443
	<u>\$ 2,660,754</u>	<u>\$ 858,711</u>	<u>\$ 3,519,465</u>

**VALLEY SANITATION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019**

NOTE 6 - NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

Investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and if applicable, reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position includes amounts that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. As of December 31, 2020, and 2019, the District's restricted net position was \$5,700 and \$5,730 respectively, as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado (See Note 8). Additionally, the District had restricted net position of \$57,188 and \$51,803, as of December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019 respectively, as required by loan covenants (see Note 5).

Also, as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 the District had accumulated \$8,204 and \$9,881, respectively of property taxes restricted for debt service in future periods.

NOTE 7- RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees, or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials' liability coverage and workers compensation. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 8 – INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS

City of Englewood

The District has a service agreement with the City of Englewood (City) whereby the City provides sewage treatment service to the District's service area and charges the users directly. The District is to provide and maintain its own sewer lines and connection to the City's facilities.

**VALLEY SANITATION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019**

Platte Canyon Water and Sanitation District

The District has an agreement with Platte Canyon Water and Sanitation District (Platte Canyon) whereby Platte Canyon will provide administrative and sewer maintenance services for the District.

Columbine Water and Sanitation District

The District entered into a Maintenance Cost Allocation Agreement with Columbine Water and Sanitation District (Columbine) dated February 9, 1987, whereby Columbine agreed to pay a regular maintenance and service charge to compensate the District for use of the outfall sewer line. The proportionate share was agreed to be 12.4% of the District's costs of normal operation, maintenance and administration. During 2020 and 2019, Columbine reimbursed the District \$4,139 and \$5,845 respectively, in accordance with the agreement. On March 13, 2020, the District and Columbine entered into an Amended and Restated Maintenance Cost Allocation Agreement in order to formalize the cost allocation of operation, maintenance, and administration expenses and establish annual reporting requirements and accounting responsibilities. Pursuant to the amended and restated agreement, Columbine's maintenance share shall not be applied to fund any replacement or capital expense of the outfall sewer line or other portion of the District's sewer system and shall be determined based upon the Sewer Tap Ratio Table which will be recalculated annually by the District. The amended and restated agreement expires on December 31, 2020, and thereafter shall automatically renew each year on January 1 for a one-year term expiring on December 31 of each subsequent year and will continue to renew until termination by mutual agreement of the District and Columbine.

On March 13, 2020, the District entered into a Capital Construction Cost Allocation Intergovernmental Agreement with Columbine whereby Columbine agreed to reimburse the District for its share in the capital improvements related to the rehabilitation of the outfall sewer line. Per the agreement, Columbine's allocation of the cost of the Interceptor Rehabilitation Project is not to exceed a total of \$447,000 which includes principal and interest and not to exceed an annual payment of \$14,900. Payments are due annually by no later than October 15th. Before the agreement was entered into, Columbine honored the request from the District during 2019 to equitably share in the costs of the improvements by remitting \$14,900. The agreement will terminate on the earlier of December 31, 2048, or the date on which the District has paid the maximum of \$447,000. During 2020 the District recorded a capital contribution of \$326,560 and a long-term receivable representing the principal amount owed by Columbine. As of December 31, 2020, the District has received a total of \$29,800 under this agreement consisting of \$16,645 of principal and \$13,155 of interest.

Bow Mar Water and Sanitation District

On May 2, 1967 the District entered into an agreement with Bow Mar Water and Sanitation District (Bow Mar) to accommodate the future transmission of sewage from 80 single family equivalent taps. Bow Mar agreed to pay the District \$200 at the time each individual tap was connected and an annual service charge of \$1.00 per month for each tap connected to Valley's sewer transmission lines. The tap limitation was subsequently increased by Valley from 80 taps to 95 taps by an amendment to the agreement dated August 4, 1970.

**VALLEY SANITATION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019**

On October 19, 1984 the District entered into a Indemnification and Cost Allocation Agreement whereby Bow Mar agreed to pay a prorated share of repair and replacement costs based on the number of users on the segment of pipe being repaired or replaced. The agreement also updated language related to the service charge requiring Bow Mar to reimburse a proportionate share of normal operation, maintenance and administration costs for each tap connected to Valley's sewer system. During 2020 and 2019, the service charge reimbursed by Bow Mar was \$2.00 per month for each of the 92 taps connected to Valley's sewer system amounting to \$2,208.

At the completion of the sewer outfall project, Bow Mar will be charged the prorated share of the total cost of capital improvements. The District has agreed to allow Bow Mar to pay off the obligation over five years at an interest rate of 2.0%. As the project was substantially complete as of December 31, 2020, the District submitted an invoice to Bow Mar in the amount of \$19,342 based on the estimated total project cost. Based on the estimated total cost of the project the District recorded a capital contribution and a corresponding long-term receivable in the amount of \$96,710. At the conclusion of the project, which is anticipated to be in early 2021, a reconciliation will be performed by the District and the remaining payment schedule will be calculated and provided to Bow Mar.

NOTE 9 - TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations that apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Enterprises, defined as government-owned businesses authorized to issue revenue bonds and receiving less than 10% of annual revenue in grants from all state and local governments combined, are excluded from the provisions of TABOR.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Some of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits and qualification as an Enterprise may require judicial interpretation.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases. The District restricted net position as required for Emergency Reserves (see Note 6).

On November 7, 2017, the voters of the District authorized the issuance of debt up to \$2,700,000 with a maximum repayment cost of \$4,400,000 (principal and interest) and increase property taxes up the \$190,000 annually for the purpose of financing the costs of relocating and improving the District's interceptor sewer line.

This information is an integral part of the accompanying financial statements.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

VALLEY SANITATION DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUNDS AVAILABLE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)
Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 239,538	\$ 237,465	\$ (2,073)
Specific ownership tax	17,980	16,056	(1,924)
Interest income	11,010	6,040	(4,970)
Sewer service surcharge	74,585	77,344	2,759
Other service charges	3,108	7,266	4,158
Capital cost sharing receivable - principal	28,405	27,748	(657)
Capital cost sharing receivable - interest	6,495	7,812	1,317
Total revenues	<u>381,121</u>	<u>379,731</u>	<u>(1,390)</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Maintenance and repairs	100,435	87,796	12,639
Repairs remedial/emergency	10,000	10,115	(115)
Engineering	5,000	-	5,000
Lift station operation and maintenance	10,000	3,848	6,152
Administrative expenses	50,000	39,409	10,591
Advertising and publication	165	43	122
Legal	10,000	1,682	8,318
Audit and accounting	5,000	4,800	200
Meeting hall rent	300	150	150
Insurance	4,750	6,635	(1,885)
UNCC	3,500	1,751	1,749
Supplies	500	114	386
Directors' fees	6,000	5,900	100
Salaries and payroll taxes	8,500	8,202	298
Treasurer fees	3,600	3,330	270
Public relations	5,000	61	4,939
Election	5,000	450	4,550
Other	1,000	479	521
Loan principal	39,246	39,246	-
Loan interest	31,445	40,314	(8,869)
Capital expenditures	2,444,714	2,516,578	(71,864)
Contingency	34,310	-	34,310
Emergency reserves	17,630	-	17,630
Total expenditures	<u>2,796,095</u>	<u>2,770,903</u>	<u>25,192</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUNDS AVAILABLE	(2,414,974)	(2,391,172)	23,802
FUNDS AVAILABLE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>3,040,050</u>	<u>3,059,385</u>	<u>19,335</u>
FUNDS AVAILABLE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 625,076</u>	<u>\$ 668,213</u>	<u>\$ 43,137</u>
Funds available is computed as follows:			
Current assets		\$ 1,286,226	
Current liabilities		(365,324)	
Current portion of contract receivable		(27,916)	
Current portion of loan payable		68,487	
Deferred inflows of resources		(293,260)	
		<u>\$ 668,213</u>	

**VALLEY SANITATION DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY BASIS TO STATEMENT OF
REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION
Year Ended December 31, 2020**

Revenue (budgetary basis)	\$	379,731
Capital cost sharing contribution		423,270
Capital cost sharing principal received		<u>(27,748)</u>
Revenues per Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position		<u>775,253</u>
Expenditures (budgetary basis)		2,770,903
Capital outlay		(2,516,578)
Debt principal payments		<u>(39,246)</u>
Expenses per Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position		<u>215,079</u>
Change in net position per Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	\$	<u><u>560,174</u></u>

OTHER INFORMATION

**VALLEY SANITATION DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY
December 31, 2020**

**\$2,700,000
General Obligation Loan
Dated May 7, 2019
Interest rate 2.0%**

<u>Year Ending December 31,</u>	<u>Interest Due May 1 and November 1</u>	<u>Principal Due May 1 and November 1</u>	<u>Total</u>
2021	\$ 52,874	\$ 68,487	\$ 121,361
2022	51,498	69,863	121,361
2023	50,094	71,267	121,361
2024	48,661	72,700	121,361
2025	47,199	74,161	121,360
2026	45,709	75,652	121,361
2027	44,189	77,172	121,361
2028	42,637	78,724	121,361
2029	41,055	80,306	121,361
2030	39,440	81,920	121,360
2031	37,794	83,567	121,361
2032	36,115	85,246	121,361
2033	34,401	86,960	121,361
2034	32,654	88,707	121,361
2035	30,870	90,490	121,360
2036	29,052	92,309	121,361
2037	27,196	94,165	121,361
2038	25,304	96,057	121,361
2039	23,373	97,988	121,361
2040	21,403	99,958	121,361
2041	19,394	101,967	121,361
2042	17,344	104,017	121,361
2043	15,254	106,107	121,361
2044	13,121	108,240	121,361
2045	10,945	110,416	121,361
2046	8,726	112,635	121,361
2047	6,461	114,899	121,360
2048	4,152	117,209	121,361
2049	1,796	119,565	121,361
	<u>\$ 858,711</u>	<u>\$ 2,660,754</u>	<u>\$ 3,519,465</u>

**VALLEY SANITATION DISTRICT
SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION , MILL LEVY
AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED
Year Ended December 31, 2020**

Year Ended December 31,	Prior Year Assessed Valuation for Current Year Property Tax Levy		Mills Levied		Total Property Taxes		Percentage Collected to Levied
	Arapahoe	Denver	Operations	Debt	Levied	Collected	
			Mill Levy	Mill Levy			
2010	\$ 45,376,220	\$ 10,074,100	2.493		\$ 138,238	\$ 137,393	99.4%
2011	\$ 45,486,440	\$ 10,217,990	2.493		\$ 138,871	\$ 138,203	99.5%
2012	\$ 43,889,410	\$ 9,563,790	2.493		\$ 133,259	\$ 132,334	99.3%
2013	\$ 43,954,180	\$ 9,574,890	2.493		\$ 133,448	\$ 130,966	98.1%
2014	\$ 42,781,080	\$ 9,150,070	2.493		\$ 129,464	\$ 129,801	100.3%
2015	\$ 44,024,171	\$ 9,814,650	2.493		\$ 134,220	\$ 132,382	98.6%
2016	\$ 54,855,722	\$ 11,716,860	2.126 (A)		\$ 141,533	\$ 141,251	99.8%
2017	\$ 55,013,885	\$ 11,770,940	2.265 (B)		\$ 151,269	\$ 151,981	100.5%
2018	\$ 62,887,874	\$ 13,584,410	2.054 (C)		\$ 157,074	\$ 156,067	99.4%
2019	\$ 65,734,822	\$ 16,643,840	2.009 (D)	0.122	\$ 175,549	\$ 175,074	99.7%
2020	\$ 80,809,755	\$ 20,257,090	1.673 (E)	0.699	\$ 239,731	\$ 237,465	99.1%
Estimated for year ending December 31, 2021	\$ 81,353,760	\$ 20,226,340	1.693 (F)	1.195	\$ 293,363		

NOTE: Property taxes collected in any one year may include collection of delinquent property taxes levied in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of levy.

- (A) - Includes a temporary mill levy reduction of .367 mills.
- (B) - Includes a temporary mill levy reduction of .228 mills.
- (C) - Includes a temporary mill levy reduction of .439 mills.
- (D) - Includes a temporary mill levy reduction of .496 mills plus abatements of .012 mills.
- (E) - Includes a temporary mill levy reduction of .822 mills plus abatements of .002 mills.
- (F) - Includes a temporary mill levy reduction of .807 mills plus abatements of .007 mills.